

106TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. CON. RES. 376

Expressing the sense of the Congress regarding support for the recognition  
of a Liberty Day.

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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 18, 2000

Mr. TANCREDO submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was  
referred to the Committee on Government Reform

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## CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Congress regarding support for  
the recognition of a Liberty Day.

Whereas our rights and liberties are rooted in the cherished  
documents that gave birth to our nation, those being the  
Declaration of Independence and the United States Con-  
stitution with its Bill of Rights;

Whereas the patriot James Madison, fourth President of the  
United States, was the major author of the Virginia  
Plan, the model and the basis for that United States  
Constitution that emerged from the Constitutional Con-  
vention in 1787;

Whereas James Madison kept detailed written records of the  
debates and compromises that were in integral part of  
that Convention of 1787, which records were published  
only after the death of all delegates to the Convention;

Whereas James Madison wrote many of the newspaper articles now known as the Federalist Papers, outlining why States should endorse the new Constitution and enduring as some of the best arguments for our form of government;

Whereas James Madison introduced the Bill of Rights into the 1st Congress of the United States, whereupon the first ten amendments to the Constitution were adopted; and

Whereas it is altogether fitting that the 16th day of March, the birthday of the distinguished founding father, James Madison, would serve as a fitting reminder of Liberty Day, a celebration of the Declaration of Independence and the United States Constitution, where our unalienable rights and liberties are enumerated: Now, therefore, be it

1       *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*  
2 *concurring)*, That it is the sense of the Congress that—

3           (1) a Liberty Day should be celebrated each  
4       year in the United States as a remembrance of both  
5       the freedom that Americans were given in the Declaration of Independence and the extraordinary  
6       rights and liberties that Americans were given in  
7       their Constitution; and

9           (2) all elected and previously-elected representatives of the people who voluntarily give of their time  
10       to speak to Americans about those founding documents, in furtherance of that remembrance of our  
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- 1 freedom, our rights and our liberties, deserve our
- 2 thanks.

